Introduced by Senator Johnston

April 20, 1998

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 89—Relative to America's Filipino Soldiers.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SCR 89, as introduced, Johnston. America's Filipino Soldiers.

This measure would recognize the heroic deeds of the 1st and 2nd Filipino Infantry Regiments, United States Army, as "California's Own," and supports documentation of their story in the film "An Untold Triumph: America's Filipino Soldiers."

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, World War II is the most important period
- 2 in the history of Filipino-Americans, the time when a war
- 3 in the Pacific and a great calamity in their homeland
- 4 brought them together for the most important fight of
- 5 their lives for America; and
- 6 WHEREAS, The participation of Filipino-Americans in
- 7 World War II changed forever the way they see
- 8 themselves and the way most Americans think of them;
- 9 and
- 10 WHEREAS, On December 7, 1941, America was
- 11 attacked when the Imperial Japanese Naval Forces
- 12 simultaneously bombed Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, then a
- 13 territory of the United States, and the Philippines, a

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commonwealth of the United States; thus, plunging the United States into World War II; and

WHEREAS, Because their unique of status "nationals," Filipino immigrants in the United States were denied the right to join the United States Armed 5 6 Forces; and

WHEREAS, With the persistence of Filipino Nationals, on January 2, 1942, President Franklin D. Roosevelt issued an executive order allowing them to serve in the United 10 States Armed Forces in a specially organized fighting 11 unit; and

WHEREAS, Filipinos throughout the United States 13 responded to the call to arms, coming from the laboring 14 fields in domestic areas, farms, canneries, factories, and 15 fisheries, thus, giving birth to the 1st Filipino Battalion, 16 United States Army, which was formed at San Luis Obispo, California on April 1, 1942; and

WHEREAS, The 1st Filipino Battalion then grew into 19 the 1st Filipino Infantry Regiment, United States Army, by July 13, 1942; and

21 WHEREAS. The 2nd Filipino Infantry Regiment. 22 United States Army, was formed on October 2, 1942; and

23 WHEREAS, Seven thousand Filipino volunteers were 24 trained in the following California camps: Fort Ord, 25 Hunter Ligget, Camp Beale, Camp Cook, and Camp 26 Kohler; and

WHEREAS, Thousands were sworn in as citizens in 28 mass ceremonies in California and were fondly dubbed as "California's Own"; and

WHEREAS, Upon learning of these organized units, the Allied Supreme Commander of the Pacific Far East, General Douglas MacArthur, needing "eyes and ears" in Philippines, selected 800 men forming the 1st 34 Reconnaissance Battalion (Special Forces) for special training in Australia; and

36 WHEREAS, These men were secreted 37 Philippines by submarines and completed more than 280 missions to infiltrate enemy lines, collecting and sending vital military data on ship and troop movements, and to -3-**SCR 89**

train guerrillas in preparation for General MacArthur's return to the Philippines; and

WHEREAS, In these endeavors, the casualties for the 3 1st Reconnaissance Battalion were: 164 killed, 6 wounded, 5 178 missing, and 75 captured; and

WHEREAS, All members of the 1st Reconnaissance Battalion were awarded the Bronze Star with valor; and

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WHEREAS, The 1st and 2nd Filipino Infantry Regiments, United States Army, arriving in New Guinea 10 for advanced training, were looked upon as a valuable source of specialized soldiers, resulting 12 volunteers to other special units of the 6th and 8th Armies 13 for counterintelligence, civil-affairs assignments, 14 rescue missions, such as the freeing of American prisoners of the infamous "Bataan Death March," who were held 16 captive in Cabanatuan, and carrying out the "Shangri-la 17 Mission," rescuing United States Women Army Corp 18 personnel whose plane was downed in the jungles of New 19 Guinea: and

WHEREAS, Other soldiers fought as a unit in cleanup 21 operations in Leyte, Samar, and other islands of the Malay Archipelago; and

WHEREAS, Upon the cessation of hostilities, the 2nd 24 Filipino Infantry Regiment was disbanded in Manila, the Reconnaissance 1st Battalion (Special Forces) disbanded in New Guinea, and the 1st Filipino Infantry Regiment was returned to the United States deactivation in California on April 9, 1946; and

These Filipino war veterans WHEREAS. 30 home proud to have contributed to the cause democracy and freedom; and

WHEREAS, With the laws on their side as citizens with 33 veterans' rights, and the "GI Bill," these veterans began 34 to forge their lives as citizens, making contributions to 35 their communities and the nation by serving entrepreneurs, professional and public leaders, attaining better lives for themselves and their families; and

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WHEREAS, Those men who returned to the United States with Filipina war brides established a new generation of Filipino families in this country; and

WHEREAS, Since very little is known about these veterans, who are now in their 80's and 90's, recognition of their "untold story" should become public to the community and to nation at large; and

8 WHEREAS, To acknowledge their experiences, 9 exploits, and heroic deeds, a 60-minute film documentary 10 is in the making entitled "An Untold Triumph: America's 11 Filipino Soldiers"; and 12 WHEREAS, When completed, the film will become

WHEREAS, When completed, the film will become available to the vast television audience and to schools throughout the nation as another example of a great American story; now, therefore, be it

16 Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly thereof concurring, That the Legislature, in 17 18 this year of 1998, the celebratory year of the 100th Anniversary of Philippine Independence from Spain and 20 its continued celebration of American-Philippine 21 independence friendship, hereby recognizes the heroic 22 deeds of the 1st and 2nd Filipino Infantry Regiments, 23 United States Army, as "California's Own," and supports 24 documentation of their story in the film "An Untold Triumph: America's Filipino Soldiers"; and be it further 25

26 Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit 27 copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate 28 distribution.